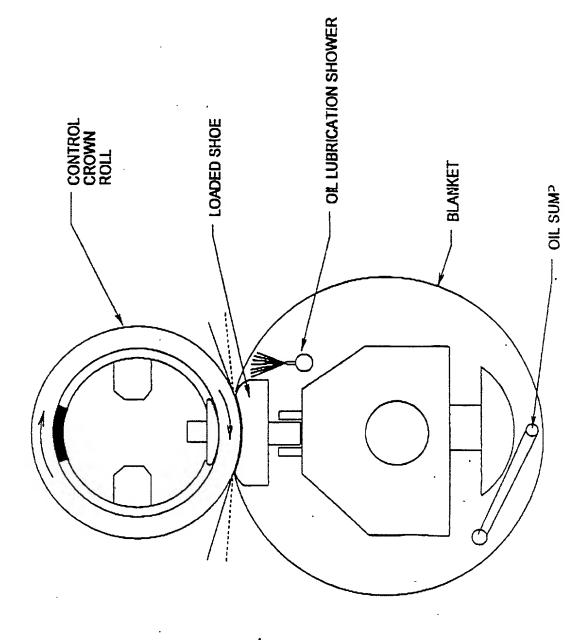
FIGURE 1

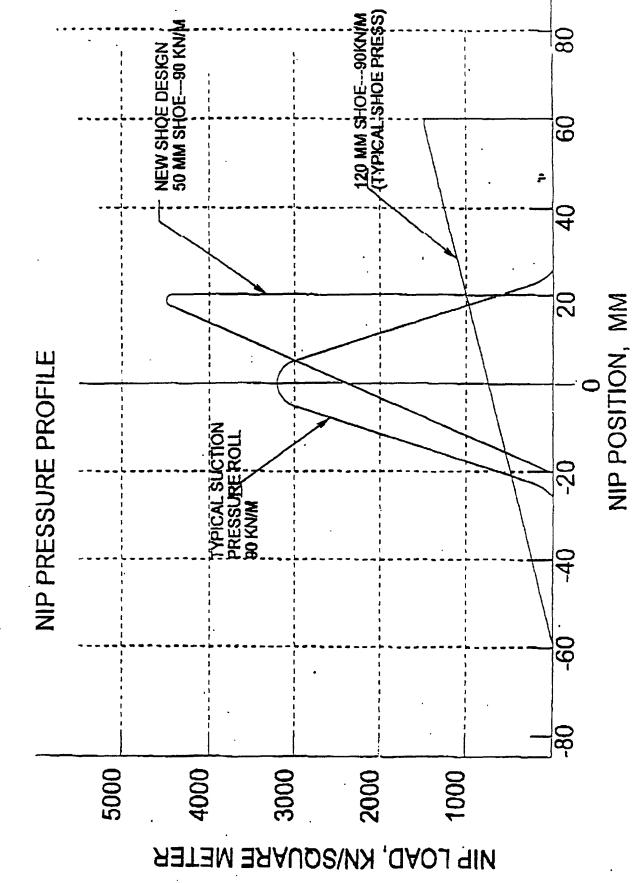
SIDE VIEW OF WIDE SHOE PRESS

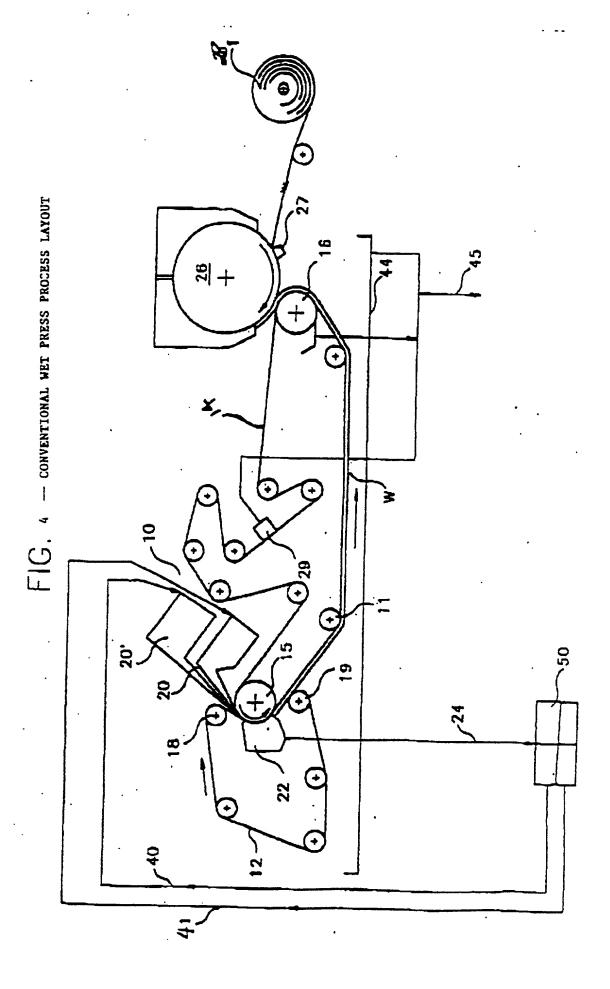


o Reference 10 O Reference 11 Suction Pressure ∆ Reference 9 1-88kN/m-63mm 2-88kN/m-50mm 3-86kN/m-38mm 4-88kN/m-45mm 5-70kN/m-63mm x Reference 5 • Reference 6 -Reference 8 8-70kN/m-50mm 7-70kN/m-38mm DReference 2 ▲ Reference 3 + Reference 7 Reference 1 X Reference 4 8-70kN/m-45mm Roll Data 2 4 1400 1200 1000 Line Load, kN/m O 8 × × × ×× × 909 8 28 83 12 6 1 S 0 14000 ó 12000 8000 10000 6000 4000 2000 Peak Pressure, kN/m^2

Figure 2: Relationship Between Peak Pressure and Line Load

FIGURE 3





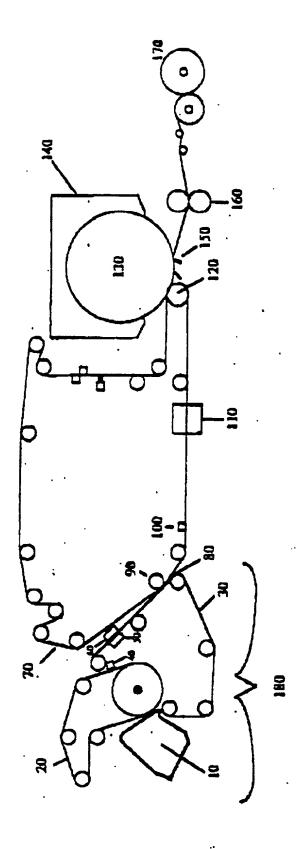
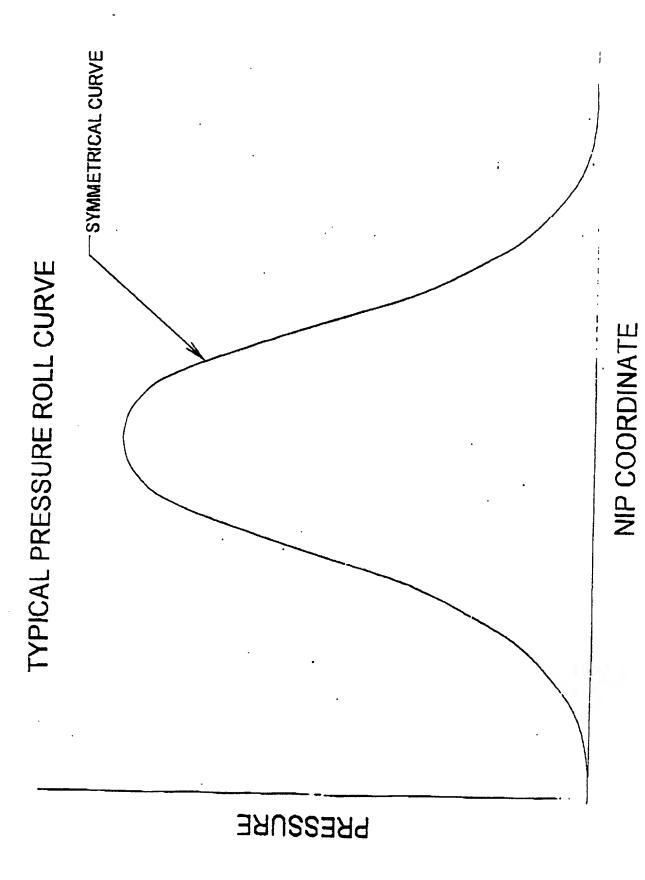


FIG. 5 -- CONVENTIONAL THROUGH-AIR-DRYING PROCESS LAYOUT

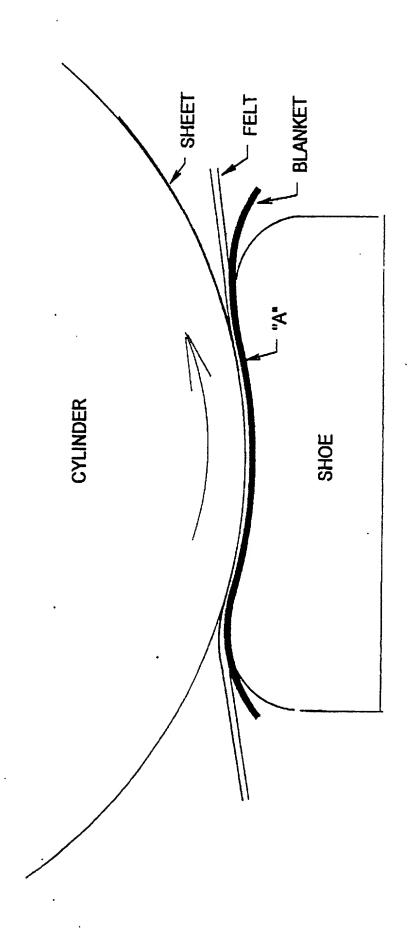


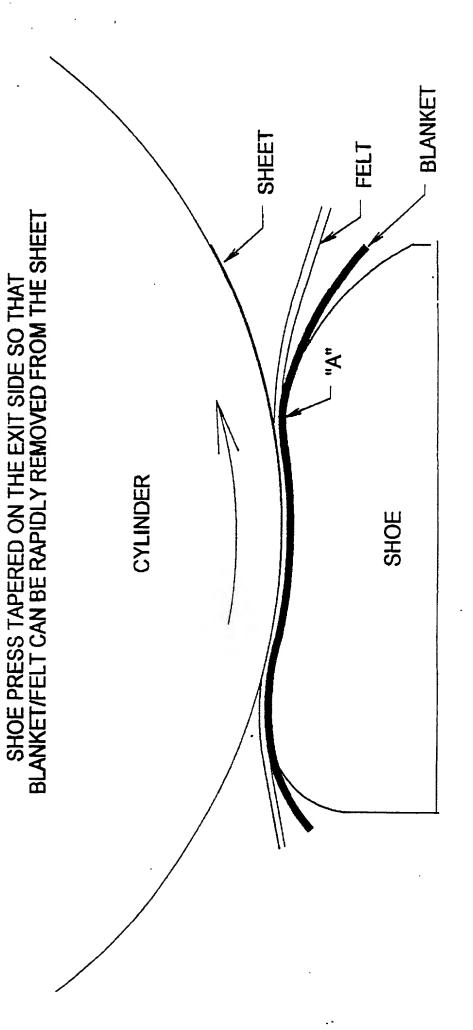
NIP COORDINATE

FIGURE 7

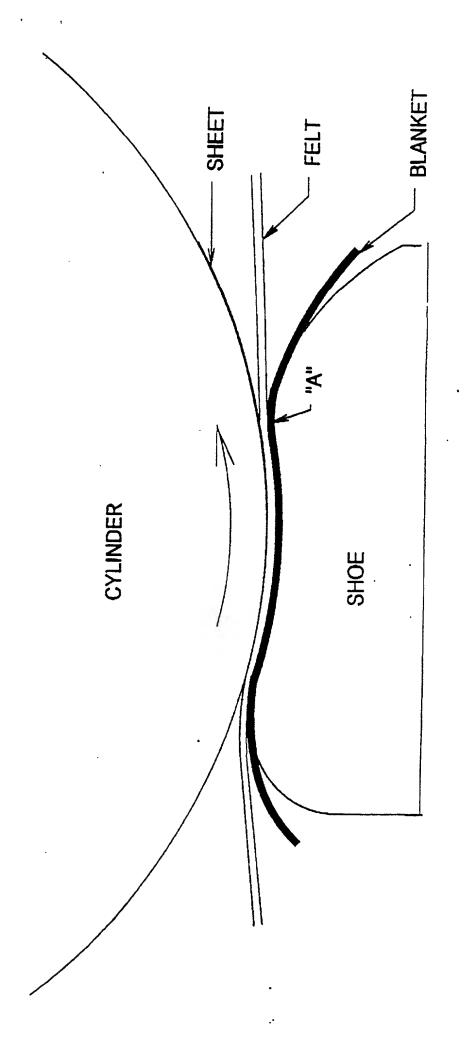
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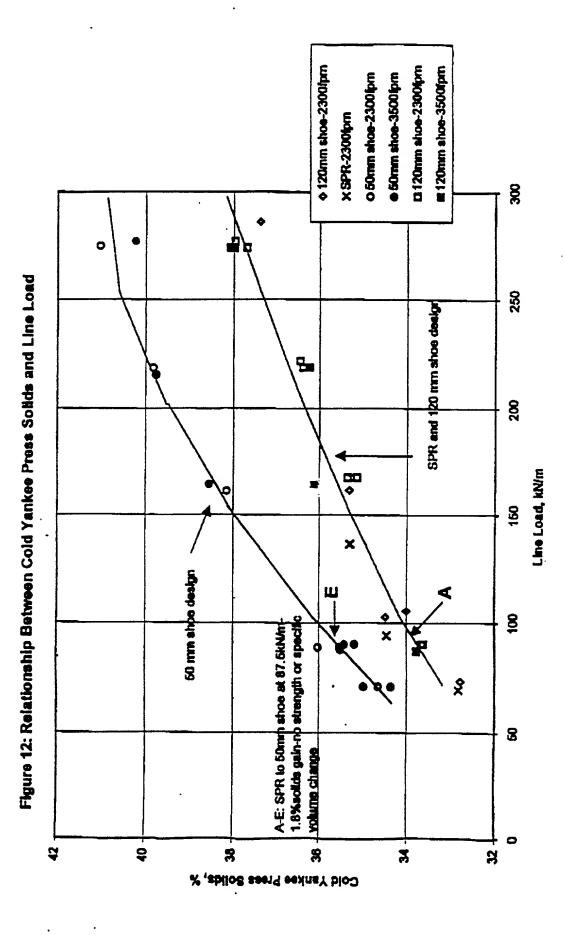
SHOE PRESS WITH LARGE DIAMETER TRANSFER CYLINDER AND WITH FELT PARTIALLY WRAPING CYLINDER





SHOE PRESS TAPERED ON THE EXIT SIDE SO THAT FELT CAN BE RAPIDLY REMOVED FROM THE SHEET WHILE THE BLANKET IS SIMULTANEOUSLY RAPIDLY REMOVED FROM THE FELT





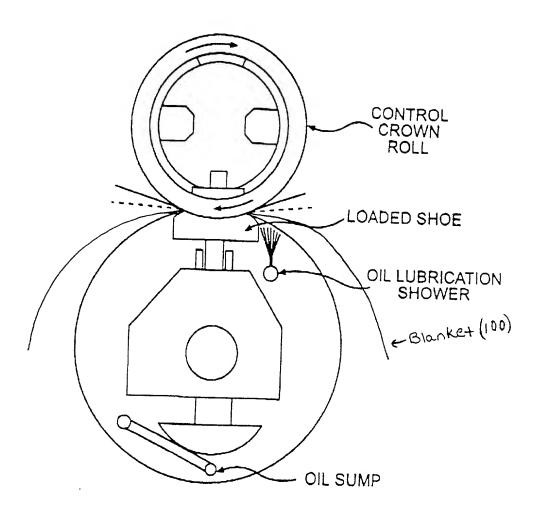


FIG. 13

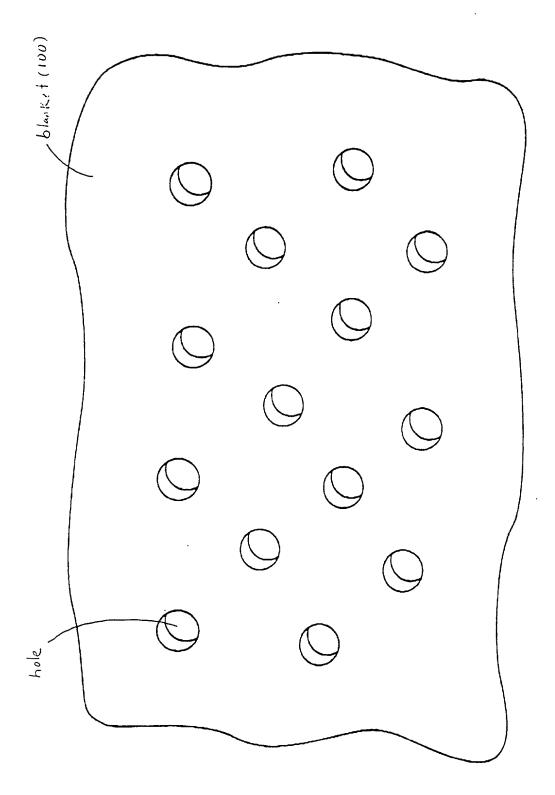


FIG. 14

general state of the state of the

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